



Builders Part 2

Karol L. Grove, PS, CFM



Zone AE or AI-A30
Studied Area- Known Elevation

Zone A
Non-studied- elevation unknown

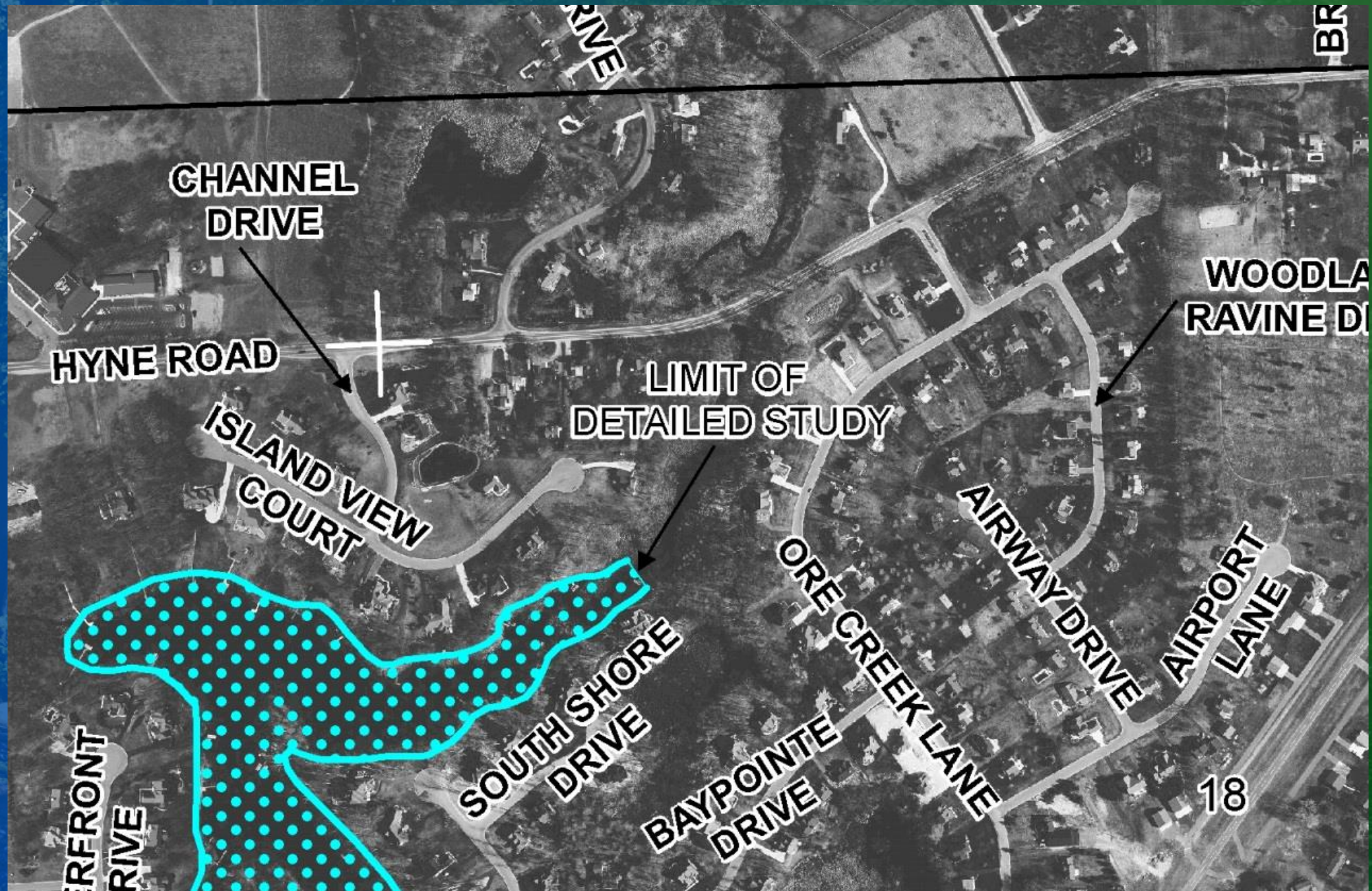
When Looking At A Flood Map


1. The FIRM Shows The Approximate Location of The 100 Year Floodplain (Rounded To The Nearest Foot)
2. The Ultimate Determination of Whether or Not A Site Within The 100 Year Floodplain is ELEVATION.

If it is NOT completely obvious it's above the BFE, then require a survey!

A scenic landscape photograph of a mountain valley. In the foreground, a calm lake reflects the surrounding scenery. The middle ground features a dense forest of evergreen trees, with some deciduous trees showing yellow autumn foliage. The background consists of rugged mountains with patches of snow under a clear blue sky.

Identifying Floodplains in Unmapped Areas





Development Purposes:
DEQ can provide estimates of flood elevations on streams when floodplain maps do not exist.

Requestor submits site location map in Miwaters.

New Construction in a Flood Zone?

2 Choices

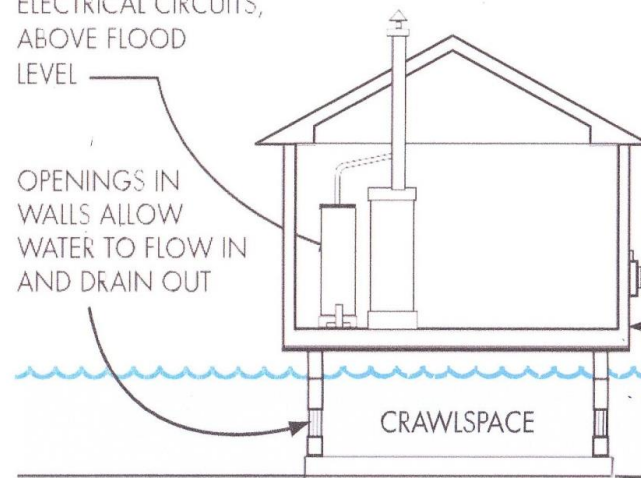
1. Elevation and Build above a Flood Zone
2. Build in a Flood Zone (Compliant)

How to Elevate Your Floodplain Building

Elevate on Foundation Walls

SERVICE
EQUIPMENT
SUCH AS UTILITIES AND
ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS,
ABOVE FLOOD
LEVEL

OPENINGS IN
WALLS ALLOW
WATER TO FLOW IN
AND DRAIN OUT



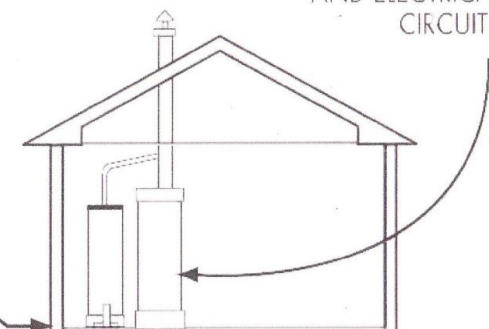
CRAWLSPACE

BFE

LOWEST FLOOR

Elevate on Fill

SERVICE
EQUIPMENT
SUCH AS UTILITIES
AND ELECTRICAL
CIRCUITS



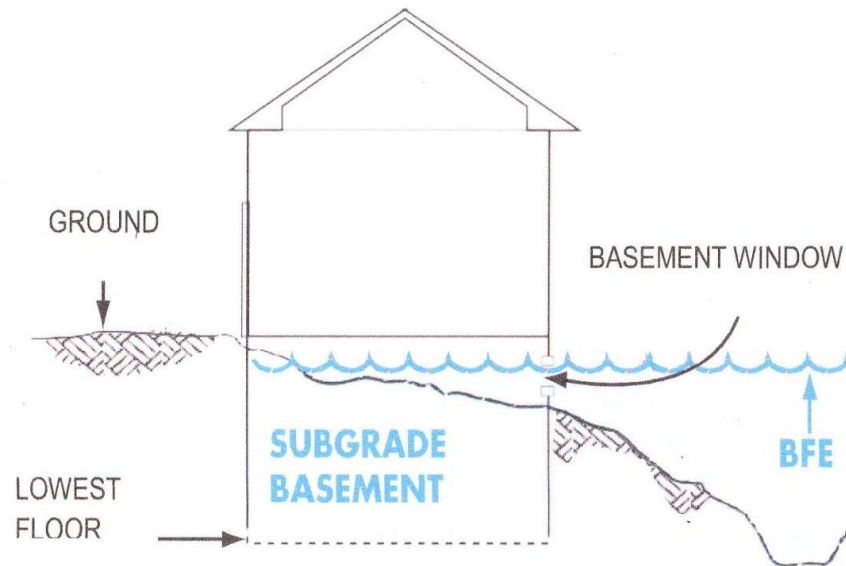
COMPACTED FILL

RECOMMENDED 10' - 15' BEYOND HOUSE

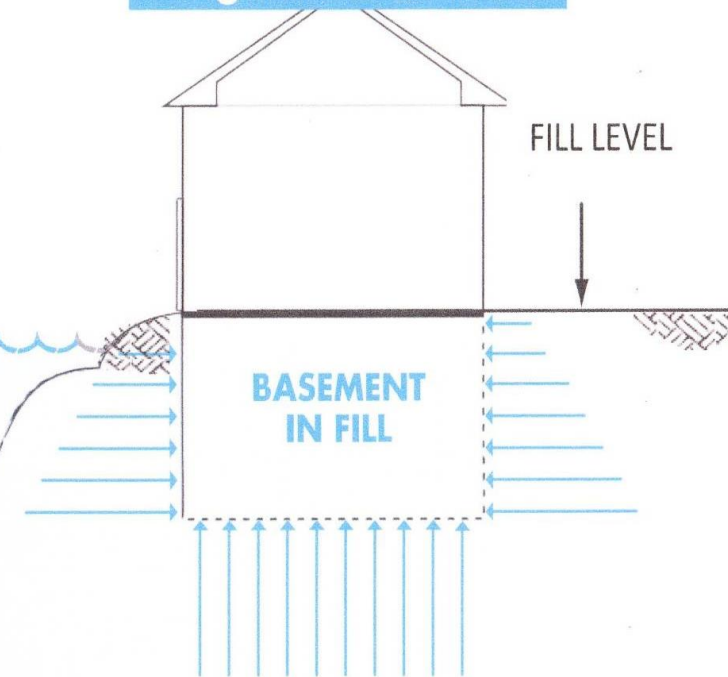
CAUTION! Enclosures (including crawlspaces) have some special requirements, see page 35. Note: When the walking surface of the lowest floor is at the minimum elevation, under-floor utilities and ductwork are not allowed. Fill used to elevate buildings must be properly compacted (see page 32).

Basements Are Unsafe

Not Allowed



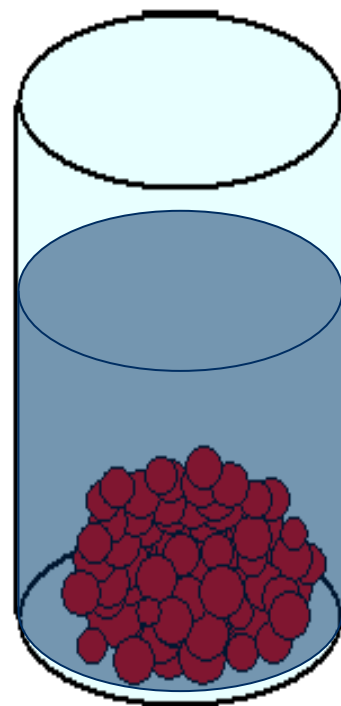
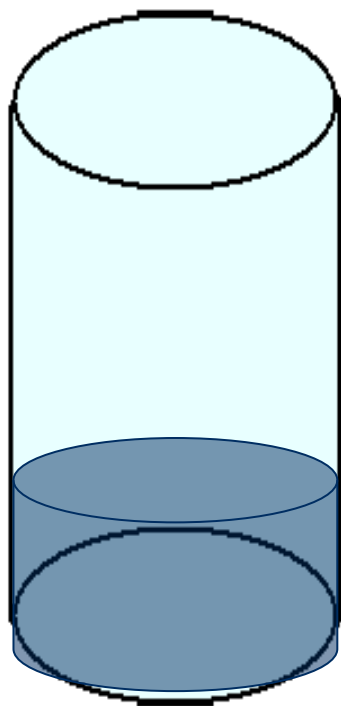
Might be Allowed



Terms and Definitions

A **basement** is any portion of a building that has its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.

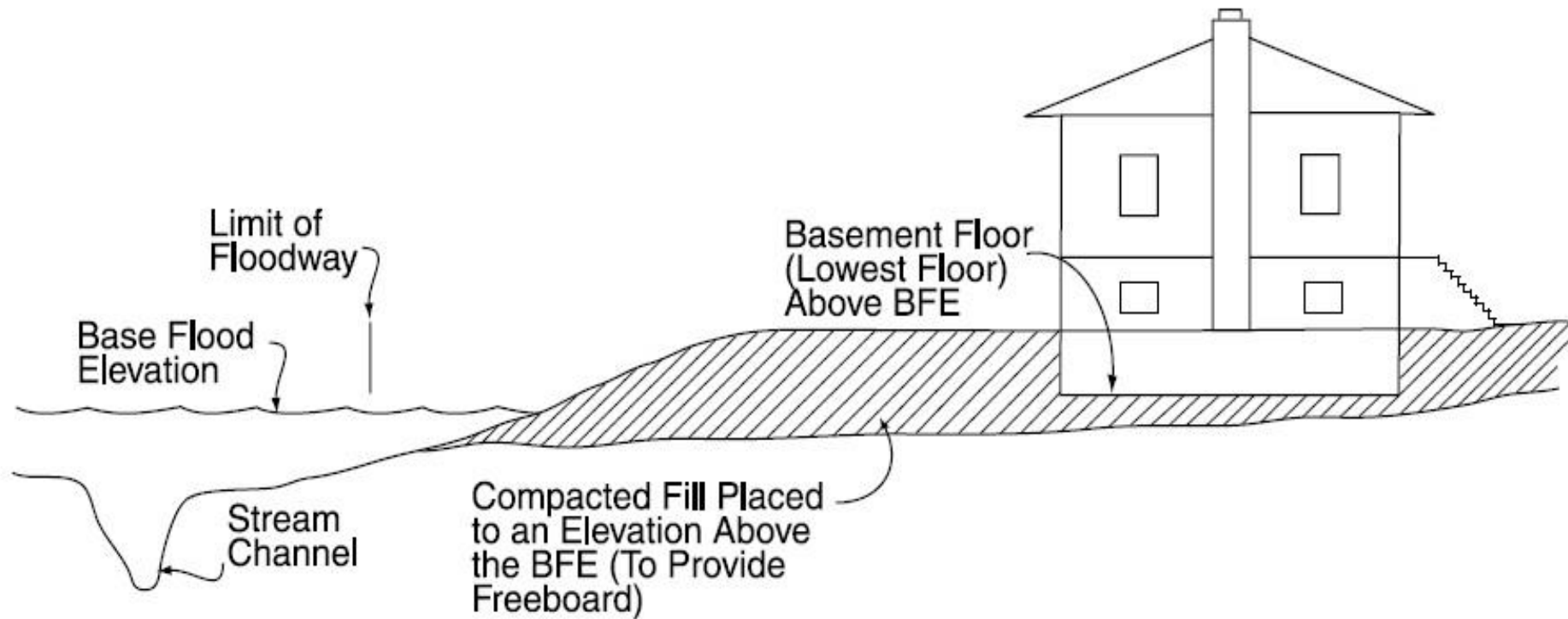
New basements below the BFE are not allowed. An inch of water over the sill and the entire basement can fill. Excavating a basement into fill doesn't always make it safe, pressure from saturated ground can damage the walls. Basements can be designed and built under certain circumstances. Check with your local permit office – the community must certify that a filled site is “reasonably safe from flooding.”





300 Cubic Yards/Site Maximum Allowed

Fill - Basement



Great Resource for Community Officials

Technical Bulletin NO. 10-01

Structures Built on Fill

Elevation Certificate

No longer the Animal it used
to be....

When Are They Needed??



When SHOULD an Elevation Certificate be Required

When Building (Any Permitting) Within or Near A Flood Zone Area

1. Pre-Construction
2. Once The Foundation is Complete
3. Prior To Final CFO

Elevation Certificates

MISTAKES
MANY MANY
MISTAKES!!



ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

Important: Follow the instructions on pages 1–9.

Copy all pages of this Elevation Certificate and all attachments for (1) community official, (2) insurance agent/company, and (3) building owner.

SECTION A – PROPERTY INFORMATION		FOR INSURANCE COMPANY USE
A1. Building Owner's Name Rory Fox		Policy Number:
A2. Building Street Address (including Apt., Unit, Suite, and/or Bldg. No.) or P.O. Route and Box No. 41215 Conger Bay Drive		Company NAIC Number:
City Harrison Township	State Michigan	ZIP Code 48045
A3. Property Description (Lot and Block Numbers, Tax Parcel Number, Legal Description, etc.) Part of Lot 47, Lot 48, Belvidere Subdivision as per plat of record. Tax ID #: 17-12-15-154-035		
A4. Building Use (e.g., Residential, Non-Residential, Addition, Accessory, etc.) <u>Residential</u>		
A5. Latitude/Longitude: Lat. <u>42.597920</u> Long. <u>-82.792798</u> Horizontal Datum: <input type="checkbox"/> NAD 1927 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAD 1983		
A6. Attach at least 2 photographs of the building if the Certificate is being used to obtain flood insurance.		
A7. Building Diagram Number <u>8</u>		
A8. For a building with a crawlspace or enclosure(s): a) Square footage of crawlspace or enclosure(s) <u>918</u> sq ft		

A6. Attach at least 2 photographs of the building if the Certificate is being used to obtain flood insurance.

A7. Building Diagram Number 8

A8. For a building with a crawlspace or enclosure(s):

a) Square footage of crawlspace or enclosure(s) 918 sq ft

b) Number of permanent flood openings in the crawlspace or enclosure(s) within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade 0

c) Total net area of flood openings in A8.b 0 sq in

d) Engineered flood openings? ☐ Yes ☒ No

A9. For a building with an attached garage:

a) Square footage of attached garage 440 sq ft

b) Number of permanent flood openings in the attached garage within 1.0 foot above adjacent grade 0

c) Total net area of flood openings in A9.b 0 sq in

d) Engineered flood openings? ☐ Yes ☒ No

SECTION B – FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION

B1. NFIP Community Name & Community Number
Harrison Township #260123

B2. County Name
Macomb

B3. State
Michigan

B4. Map/Panel
Number

26099C0356

B5. Suffix

H

B6. FIRM Index
Date

11/20/2013

B7. FIRM Panel
Effective/
Revised Date

12/04/2012

B8. Flood Zone(s)

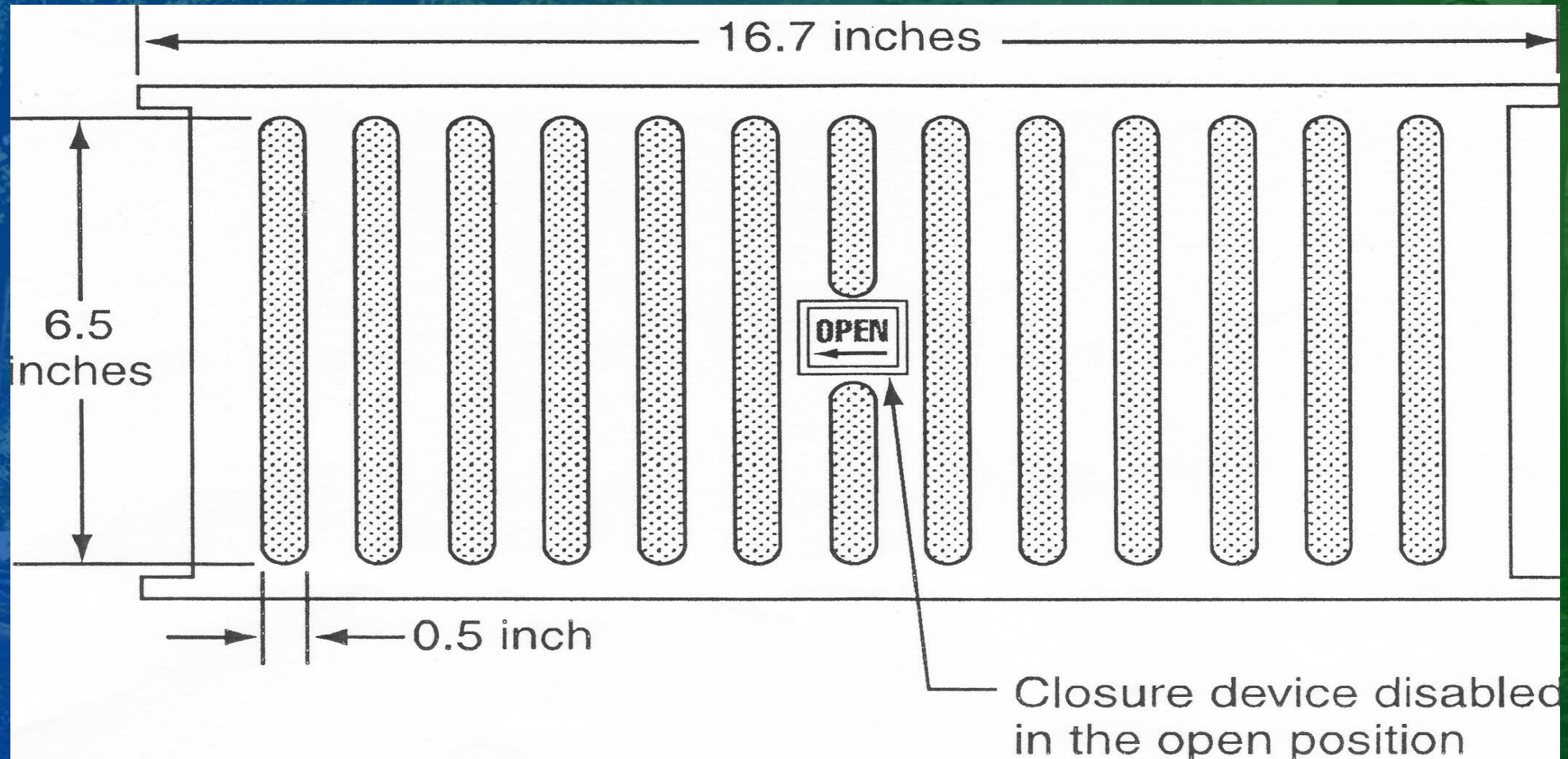
AE

B9. Base Flood Elevation(s)
(Zone AO, use Base
Flood Depth)

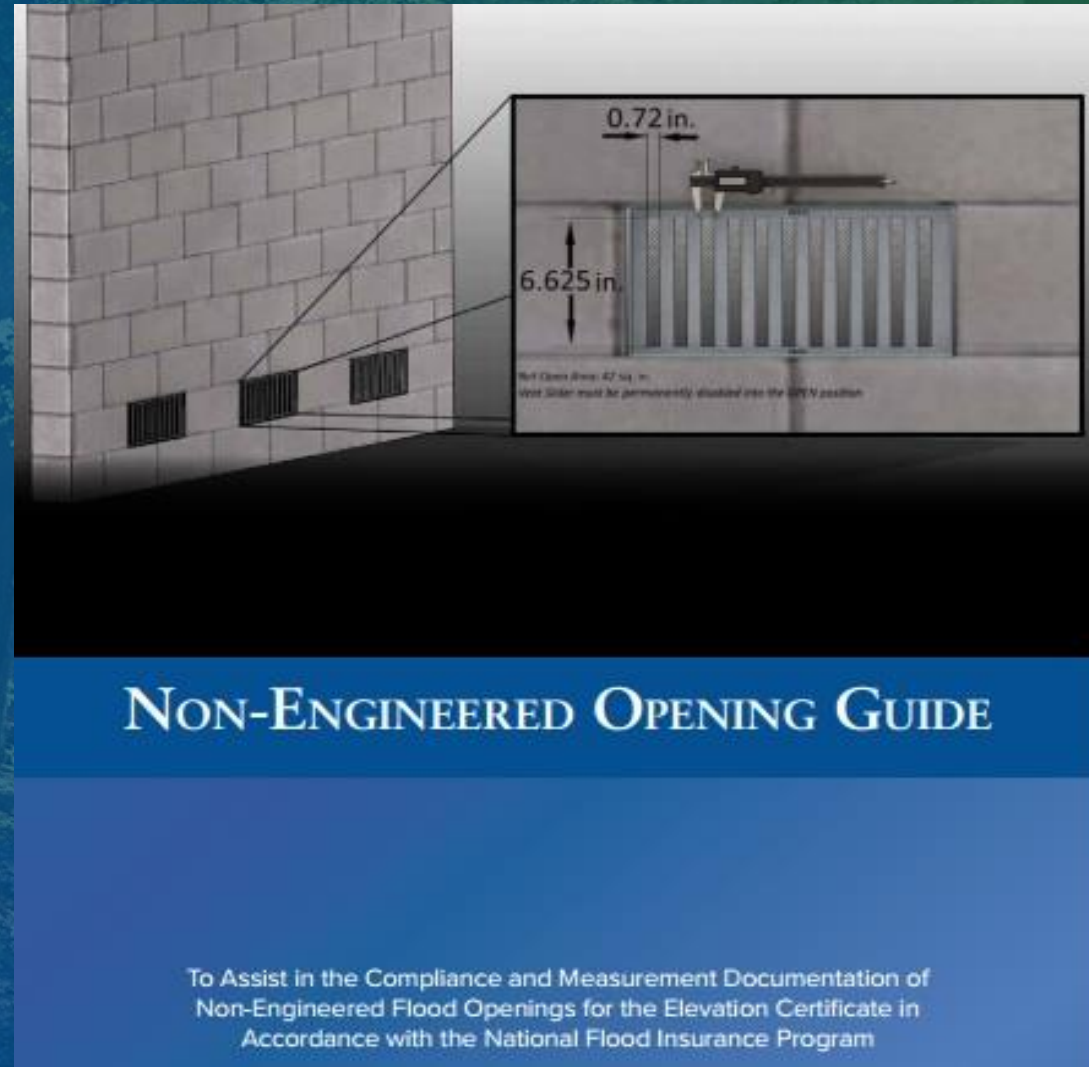
578.6'

Standard Vent

42 sq. in.



Vents Vs Engineered Flood Vents



Great Resource for Community Officials

Technical Bulletin NO.1

Flood Vents / Enclosures

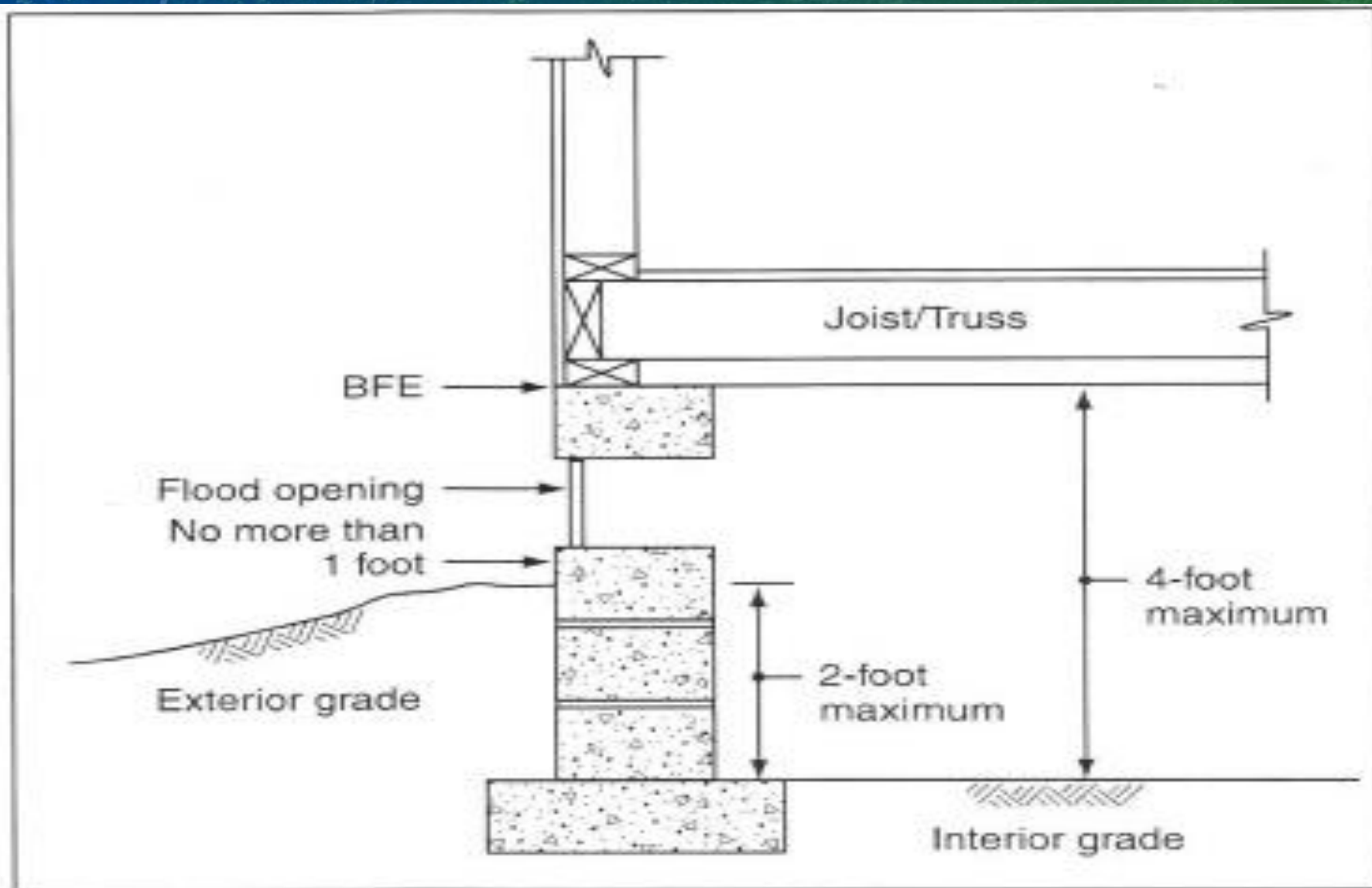


Figure 2. Limitations on below-grade crawlspaces in shallow flood hazard areas (TB 11)

Mistakes on Elevation Certificates

SECTION B – FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) INFORMATION					
B1. NFIP Community Name & Community Number Harrison Township #260123			B2. County Name Macomb		B3. State Michigan
B4. Map/Panel Number 26099C0356	B5. Suffix H	B6. FIRM Index Date 11/20/2013	B7. FIRM Panel Effective/ Revised Date 12/04/2012	B8. Flood Zone(s) AE	B9. Base Flood Elevation(s) (Zone AO, use Base Flood Depth) 578.6'
B10. Indicate the source of the Base Flood Elevation (BFE) data or base flood depth entered in Item B9: <input type="checkbox"/> FIS Profile <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FIRM <input type="checkbox"/> Community Determined <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other/Source: FIS Stillwater Chart					
B11. Indicate elevation datum used for BFE in Item B9: <input type="checkbox"/> NGVD 1929 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVD 1988 <input type="checkbox"/> Other/Source:					
B12. Is the building located in a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) area or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No Designation Date: <input type="checkbox"/> CBRS <input type="checkbox"/> OPA					

Can a Homeowner Complete An Elevation Certificate?

YES or NO???

SECTION E – BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION (SURVEY NOT REQUIRED) FOR ZONE AO AND ZONE A (WITHOUT BFE)

For Zones AO and A (without BFE), complete Items E1–E5. If the Certificate is intended to support a LOMA or LOMR-F request, complete Sections A, B, and C. For Items E1–E4, use natural grade, if available. Check the measurement used. In Puerto Rico only, enter meters.

E1. Provide elevation information for the following and check the appropriate boxes to show whether the elevation is above or below the highest adjacent grade (HAG) and the lowest adjacent grade (LAG).

a) Top of bottom floor (including basement, crawlspace, or enclosure) is . ☐ feet ☐ meters ☐ above or ☐ below the HAG.

b) Top of bottom floor (including basement, crawlspace, or enclosure) is . ☐ feet ☐ meters ☐ above or ☐ below the LAG.

E2. For Building Diagrams 6–9 with permanent flood openings provided in Section A Items 8 and/or 9 (see pages 8–9 of Instructions),

the next higher floor (elevation C2.b in the diagrams) of the building is . ☐ feet ☐ meters ☐ above or ☐ below the HAG.

E3. Attached garage (top of slab) is . ☐ feet ☐ meters ☐ above or ☐ below the HAG.

E4. Top of platform of machinery and/or equipment servicing the building is . ☐ feet ☐ meters ☐ above or ☐ below the HAG.

E5. Zone AO only: If no flood depth number is available, is the top of the bottom floor elevated in accordance with the community's floodplain management ordinance? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown. The local official must certify this information in Section G.

Elevation Certificates in a Zone A

What is an Acceptable BFE?

- Letter from DEQ?
- Nearby LOMA?
- Platted Subdivision?
- Letter from Community Official?



What if We Cannot Eliminate The Flood Insurance Requirement

If Done Correctly, In Most Cases We Can Get A
75% Reduction In Your Flood Insurance
Premium.
Guaranteed!!

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

BW-I2

ADD A FOOTER

BW-12

- Eliminating Subsidized Rates....most of which are pre-FIRM structures (EC necessary to calculate full risk rates)
- Eliminating all Grandfathering - beginning Oct. 2014 (increase in premiums 25% per year)
- Increases all fines to lenders who neglect to force flood insurance.
- Requires Elevation Certificates on all new flood policies written. (post-dates back to July of 2012)

Insurance Agents

- Writing a Flood Insurance Policy
- Homeowners have options
- Reading the Elevation Certificate
- Lowest Floor vs Lowest Adjacent Grade
- Conditions for installing Flood Vents

Elevation Certificate

No Longer The Animal it Used
To Be.....
When Are They Needed???



Let's Talk Non-Compliant vs Compliant



How Do We Make A Structure Compliant?

- Flood Vents
- Elevating Mechanicals
- Adjusting Elevations

Standard Vent 42 sq. in.

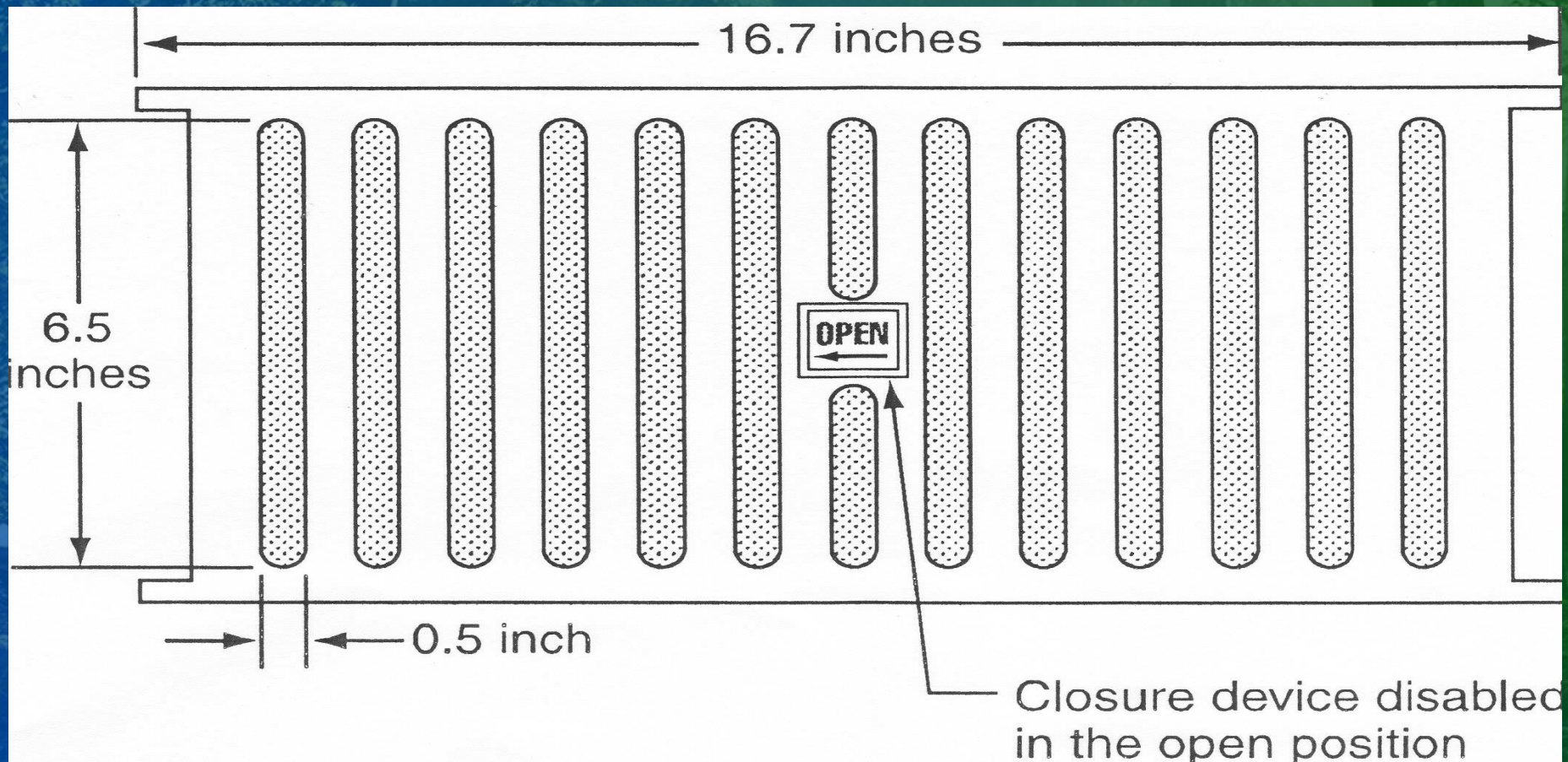
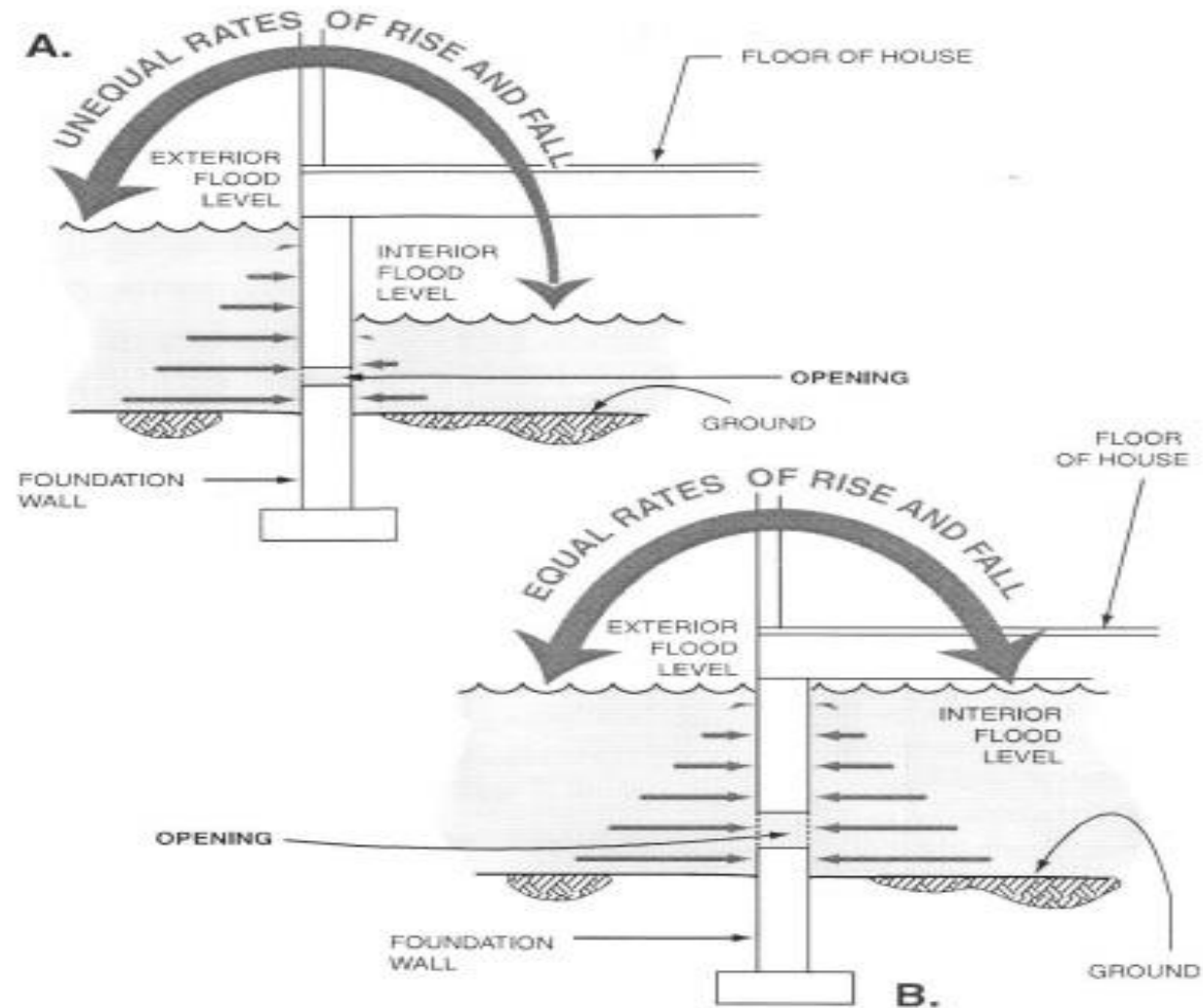


Figure 6-2
Wall openings must allow flood waters not only to enter the house but also to rise and fall at the same rate as flood waters outside.



When the number and/or size of openings in foundation walls are inadequate (A), interior flood levels cannot rise or fall as fast as exterior flood levels. As a result, hydrostatic pressures, as indicated by the horizontal arrows, are not equalized. When the number and size of openings are adequate (B), interior and exterior flood levels rise and fall at the same rate and hydrostatic pressures are equalized.

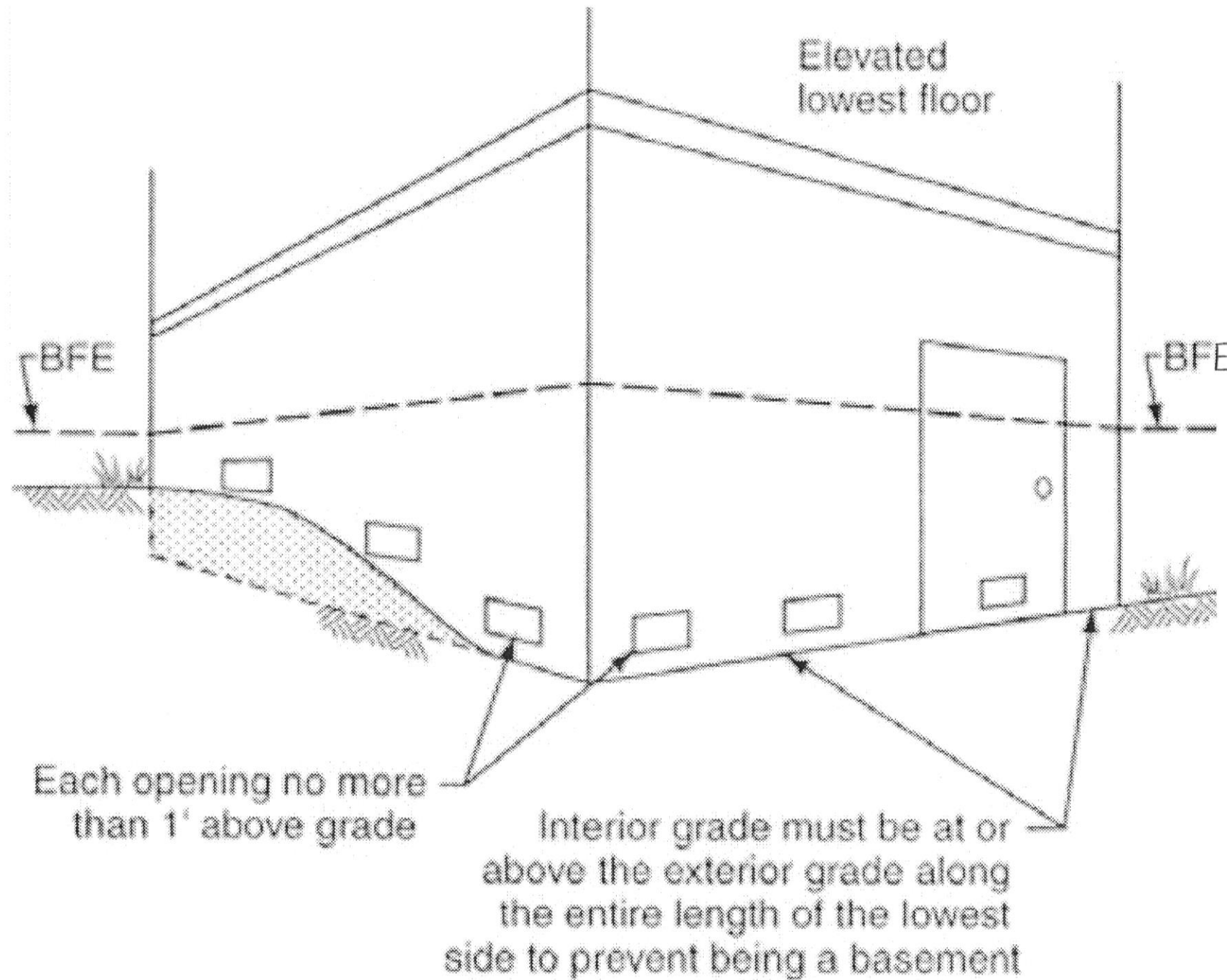
Engineered Flood Vents





Engineered Flood Vents

Placement of Vents?
Number of Vents?



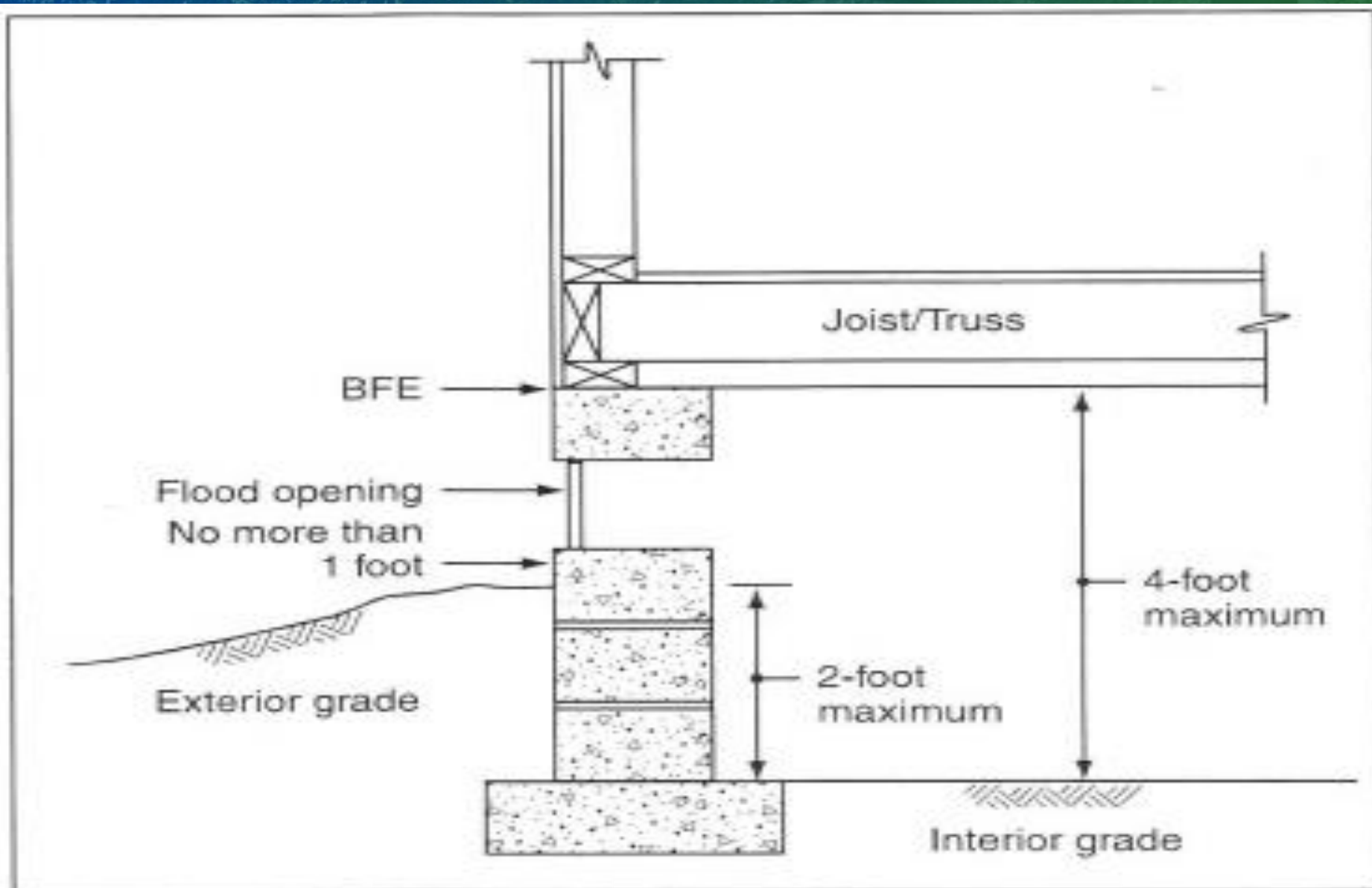


Figure 2. Limitations on below-grade crawlspaces in shallow flood hazard areas (TB 11)

Elevating All Mechanicals Servicing The Structure!

Air Conditioning Units
Sump Pumps are fine

ADD A FOOTER

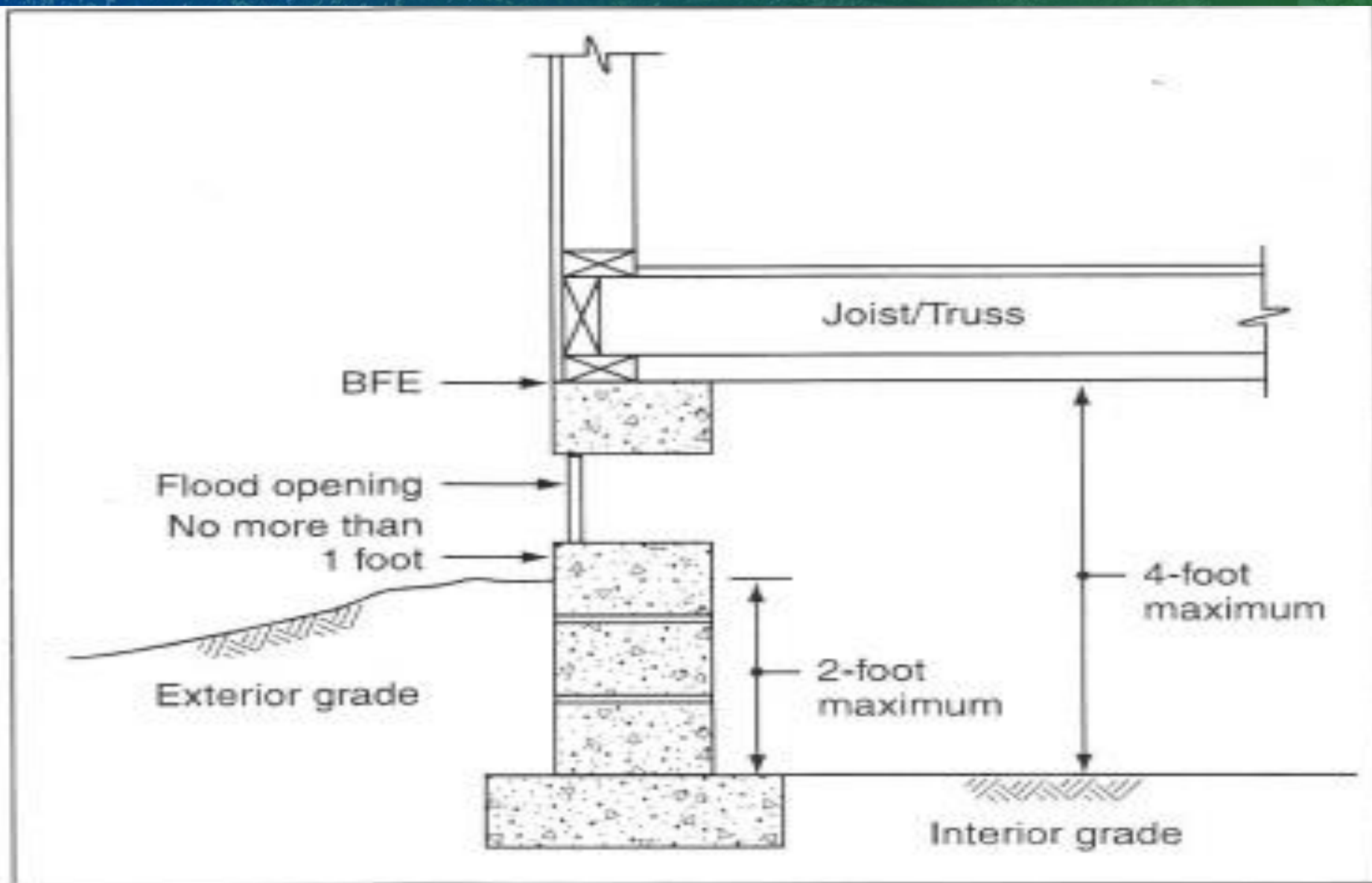


Figure 2. Limitations on below-grade crawlspaces in shallow flood hazard areas (TB 11)



New Construction

ZONE A

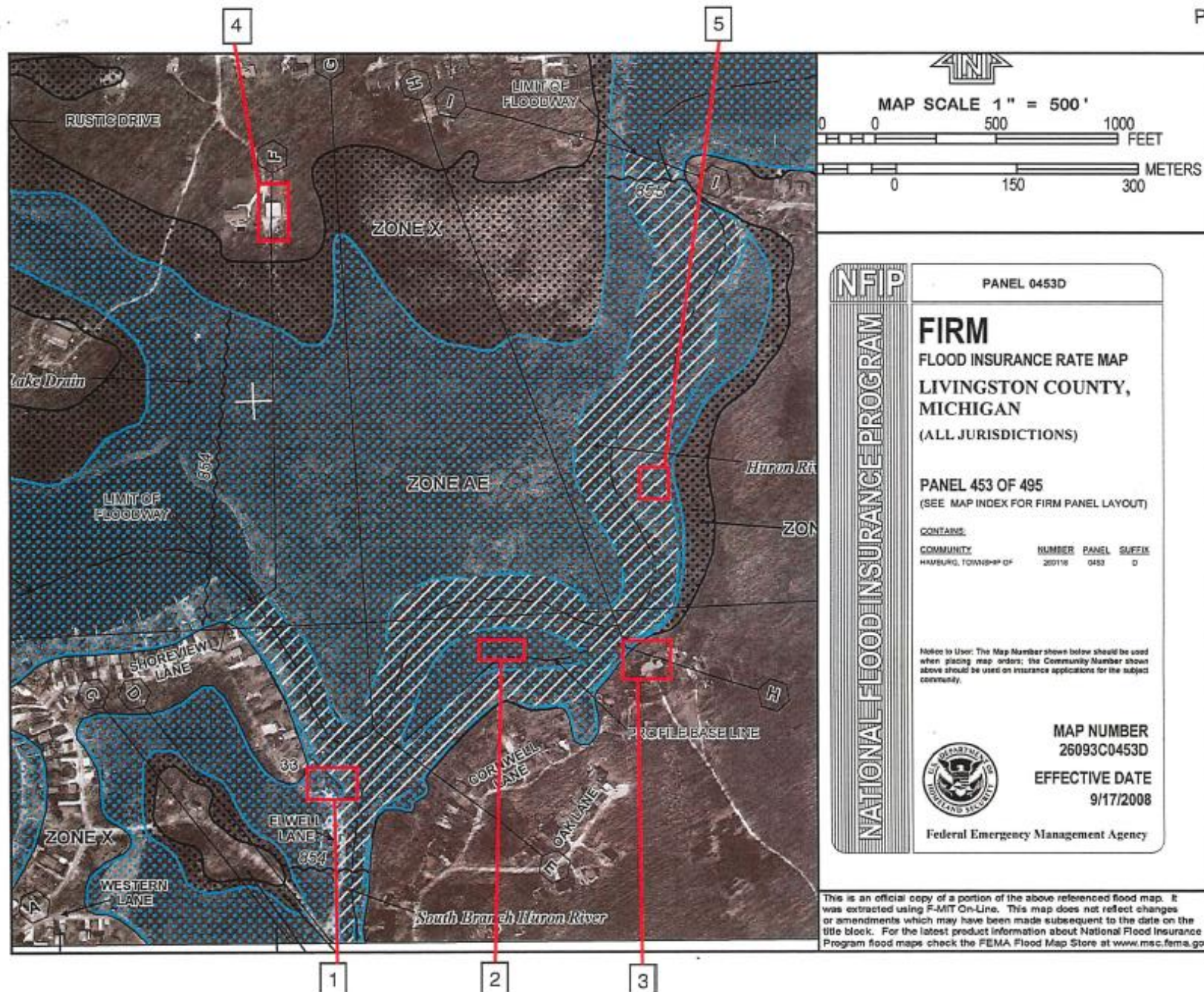
Vacant Land

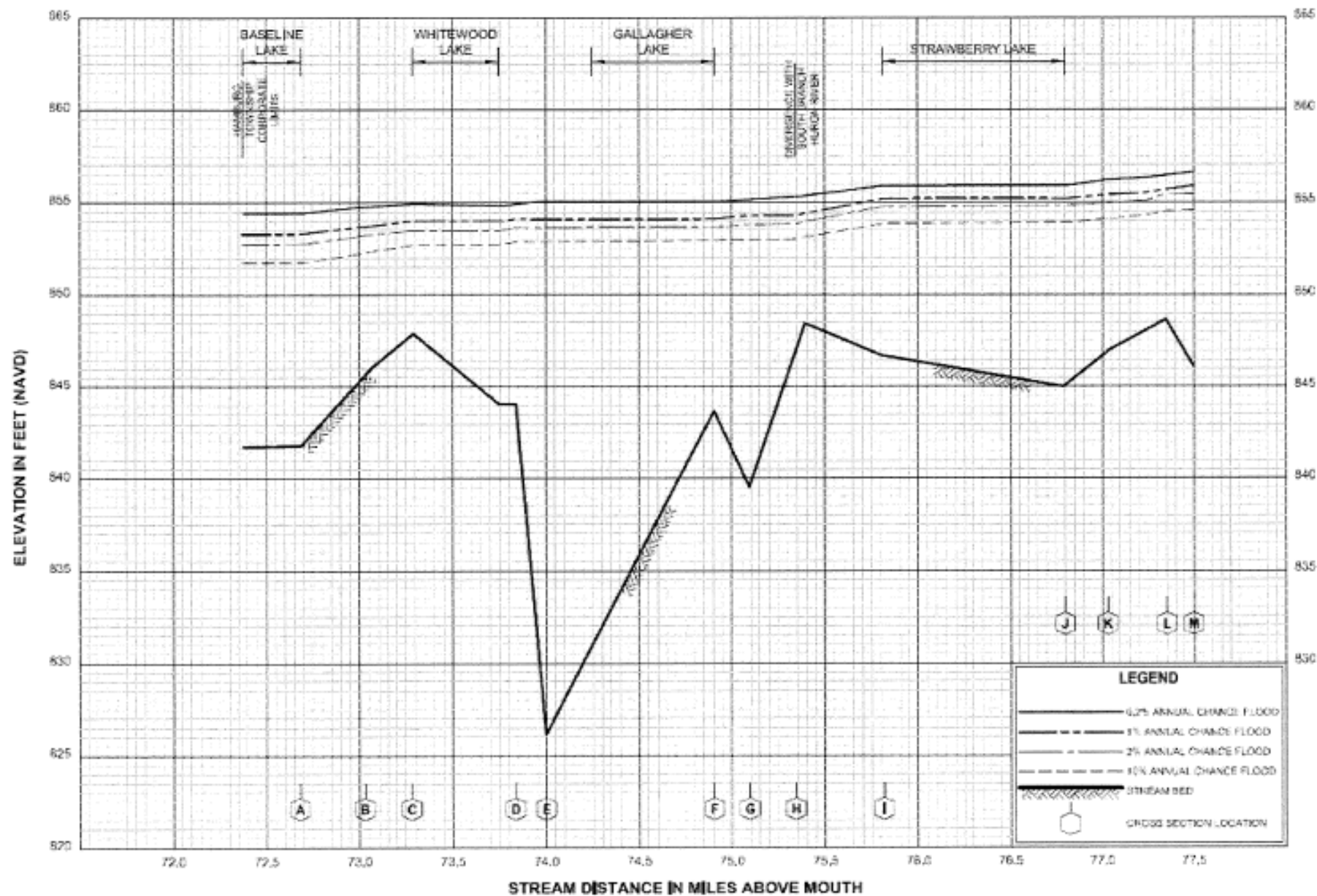
If it's Location Completely Within a 1% Floodplain Area....
Is it Buildable??

ADD A FOOTER

The background of the slide is a photograph of a mountain landscape, likely Yosemite National Park, featuring prominent granite cliffs and dense evergreen forests. The image is covered with a semi-transparent gradient overlay that transitions from a deep blue on the left to a vibrant green on the right. Centered over this background is the main title in a large, white, sans-serif font. Below the title, a short, thick yellow horizontal line is positioned.

Flood Zones Review Hand-outs





FLOOD PROFILES

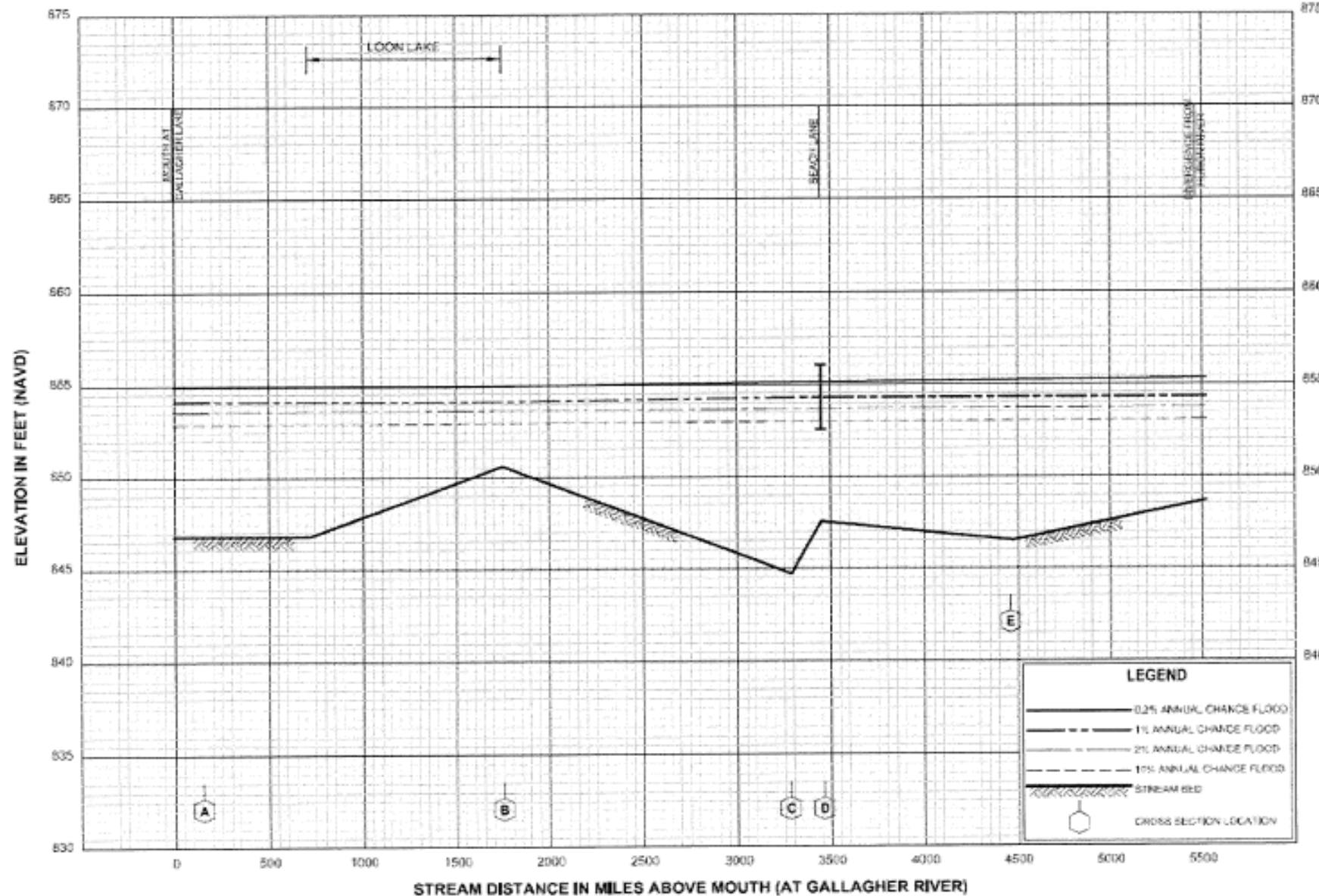
HURON RIVER

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

LIVINGSTON COUNTY, MI

(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

19P



FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

FLOOD PROFILES

LIVINGSTON COUNTY, MI
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

SOUTH BRANCH HURON RIVER

52P

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			1-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
A	72.679	396	1,218	2.0	853.3	853.3	853.3	0.0
B	73.028	850	2,363	1.0	853.7	853.7	853.8	0.1
C	73.278	850	1,565	1.5	854.0	854.0	854.1	0.1
D	73.834	900	2,372	1.0	854.1	854.1	854.2	0.1
E	73.999	310	4,943	0.5	854.1	854.1	854.2	0.1
F	74.905	131	991	2.1	854.1	854.1	854.2	0.1
G	75.096	451 ²	2,239	1.0	854.3	854.3	854.4	0.1
H	75.342	180	690	3.3	854.3	854.3	854.4	0.1
I	75.814	224	1,231	1.9	855.2	855.2	855.3	0.1
J	76.798	520	1,781	1.2	855.2	855.2	855.3	0.1
K	77.030	900	3,181	0.7	855.4	855.4	855.5	0.1
L	77.353	550	1,896	1.0	855.7	855.7	855.8	0.1
M	77.499	192	873	2.2	855.9	855.9	856.0	0.1
N	77.567	64	454	4.3	855.9	855.9	856.0	0.1
O	77.603	118	751	2.6	856.2	856.2	856.3	0.1
P	77.717	446	1,668	1.2	856.4	856.4	856.5	0.1
Q	77.899	228	1,086	1.8	856.6	856.6	856.7	0.1
R	78.000	84	545	3.6	856.7	856.7	856.8	0.1
S	78.045	295	994	2.0	856.9	856.9	857.0	0.1
T	78.283	350	1,258	1.5	857.2	857.2	857.3	0.1
U	78.522	435	1,552	1.3	857.6	857.6	857.7	0.1
V	78.819	290	924	2.1	857.9	857.9	858.0	0.1
W	79.018	291	1,407	1.4	858.2	858.2	858.3	0.1
X	79.369	355	1,414	1.4	858.4	858.4	858.5	0.1
Y	79.600	360	1,551	1.3	858.6	858.6	858.7	0.1
Z	79.862	122	651	3.0	858.7	858.7	858.8	0.1

¹Miles above mouth

²Combined width with South Branch Huron River

TABLE 14

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

LIVINGSTON COUNTY, MI
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

FLOODWAY DATA

HURON RIVER

FLOODING SOURCE		FLOODWAY			1-PERCENT-ANNUAL-CHANCE FLOOD WATER SURFACE ELEVATION (FEET NAVD)			
CROSS SECTION	DISTANCE ¹	WIDTH (FEET)	SECTION AREA (SQUARE FEET)	MEAN VELOCITY (FEET PER SECOND)	REGULATORY	WITHOUT FLOODWAY	WITH FLOODWAY	INCREASE
A	150	133	788	0.3	854.1	854.1	854.2	0.1
B	1,750	52	123	1.6	854.1	854.1	854.2	0.1
C	3,280	61	403	0.5	854.3	854.3	854.4	0.1
D	3,460	40	208	1.0	854.3	854.3	854.4	0.1
E	4,460	451 ²	212	0.4	854.3	854.3	854.4	0.1

¹Feet above mouth (at Gallagher Lake)

²Combined width with Huron River

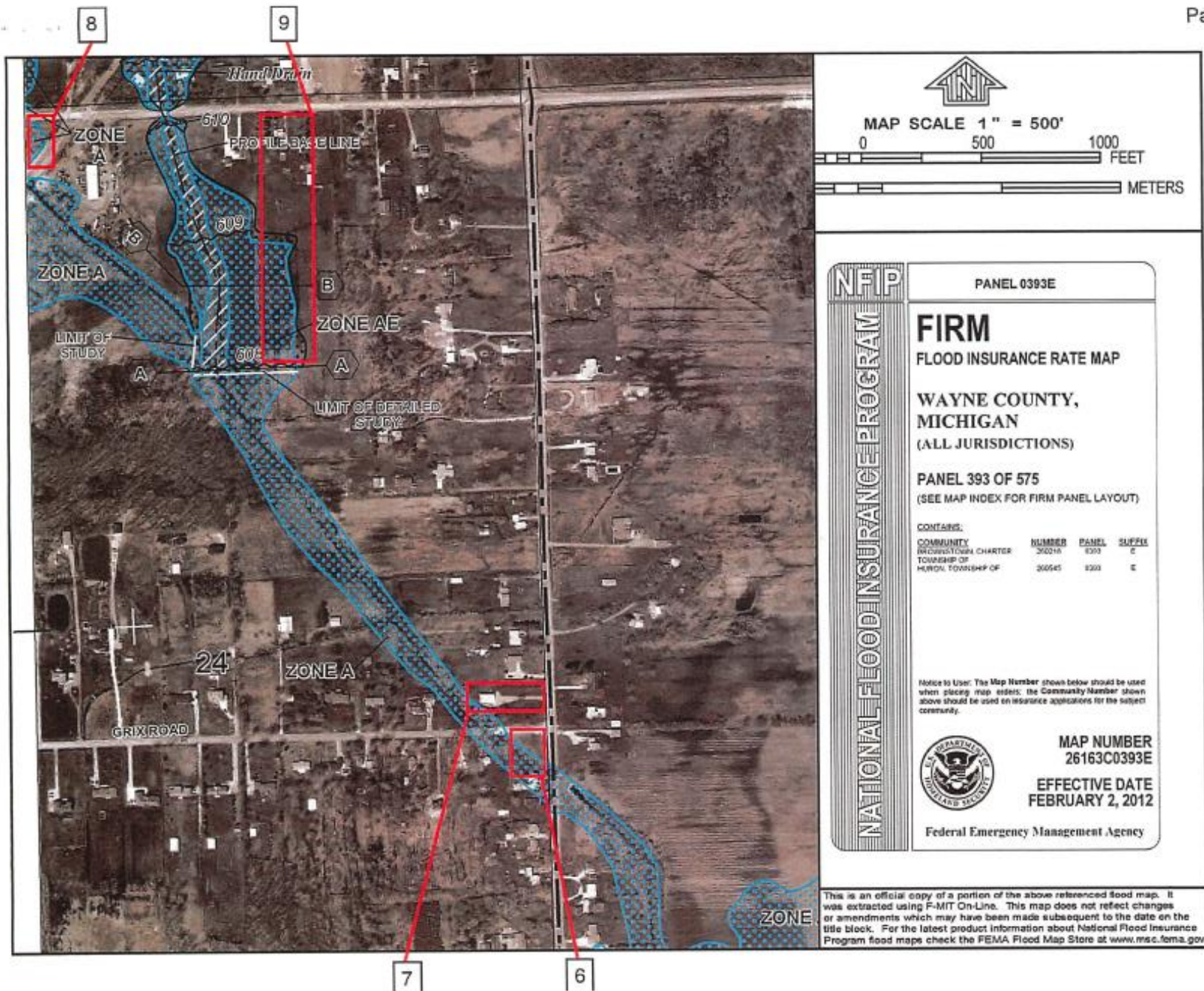
TABLE 14

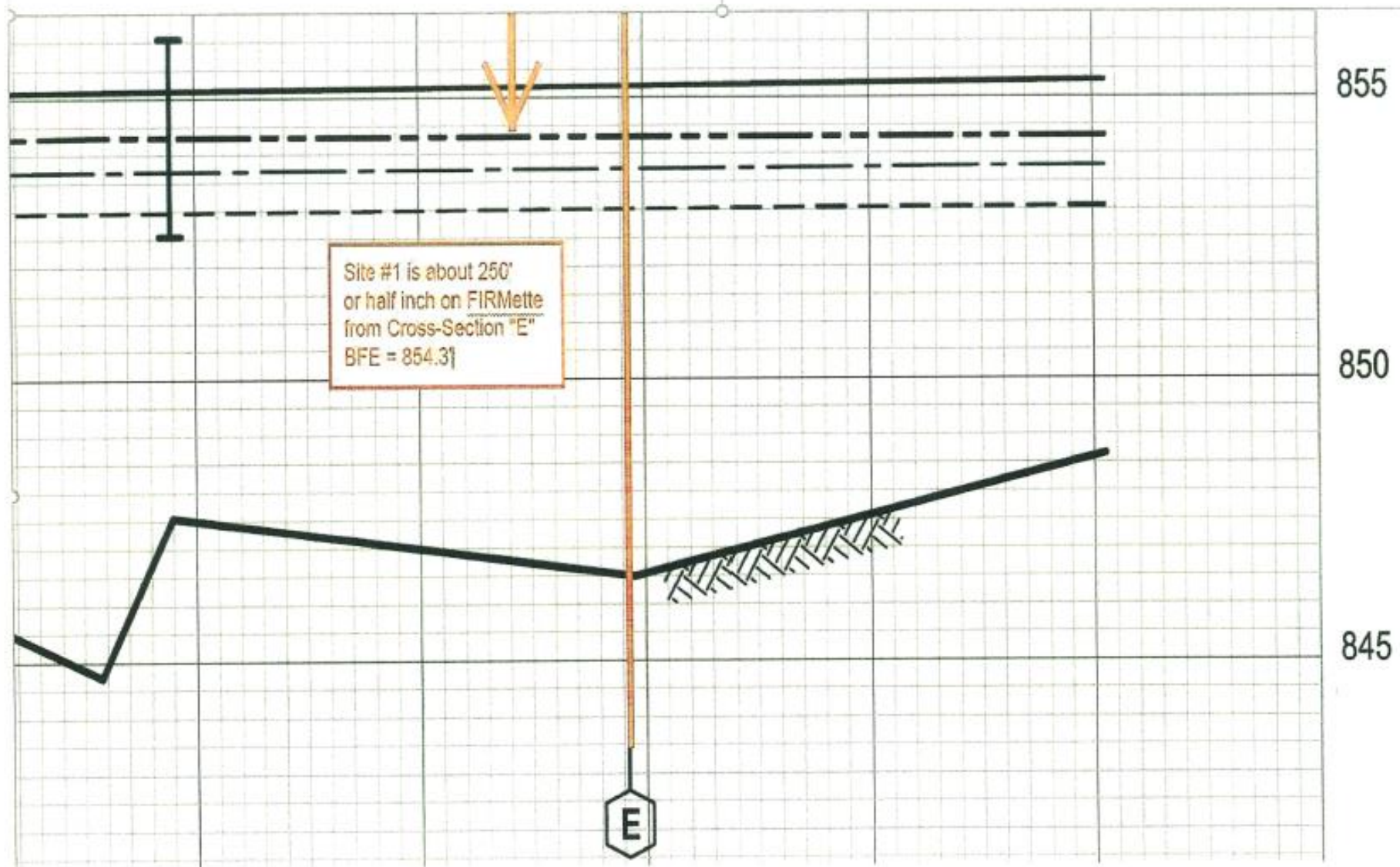
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

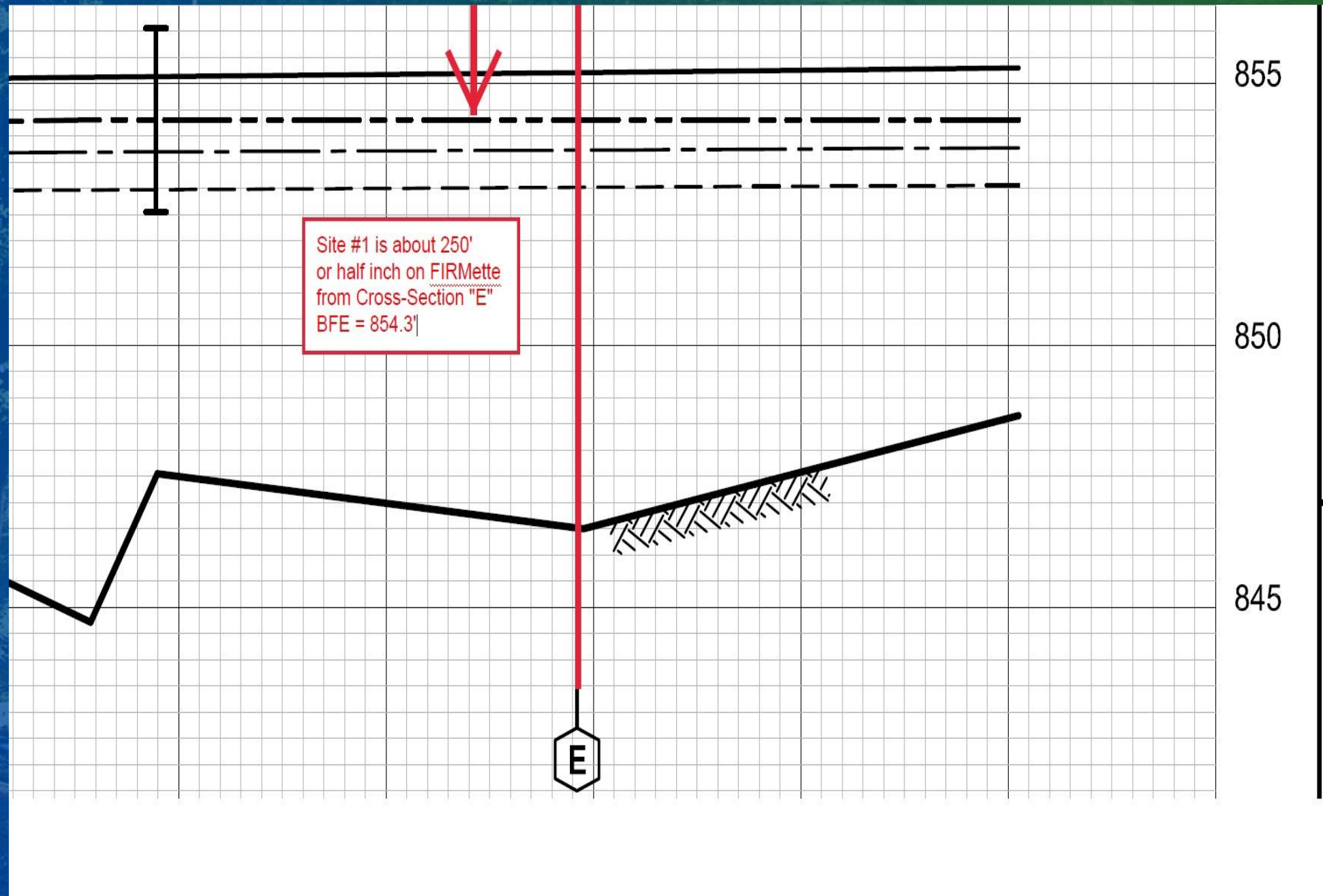
LIVINGSTON COUNTY, MI
(ALL JURISDICTIONS)

FLOODWAY DATA

SOUTH BRANCH HURON RIVER







Our Role As Professionals in the 21st Century

- Flood Zones
- Educating
- Safer Community

Questions??
